to advise, promote, or assist in the production, marketing, or sale of refined, manufactured, or fabricated products. For example, a reasonable portion of the trade association dues paid to an association which promotes the sale of cement, refined petroleum, or copper products shall be subtracted from gross income from the property.

[T.D. 6955, 33 FR 6968, May 9, 1968. Redesignated by T.D. 7170, 37 FR 5374, Mar. 15, 1972, as amended by T.D. 7170, 37 FR 5381, Mar. 15, 1972]

§1.613-6 Statement to be attached to return when depletion is claimed on percentage basis.

In addition to the requirements set forth in paragraph (g) of §1.611–2, a tax-payer who claims the percentage depletion deduction under section 613 for any taxable year shall attach to his return for such year a statement setting forth in complete, summary form, with respect to each property for which such deduction is allowable, the following information:

- (a) All data necessary for the determination of the *gross income from the property*, as defined in §§1.613–3 from 1.613–4, including:
- (1) Amounts paid as rents or royalties including amounts which the recipient treats under section 631(c),
- (2) Proportion and amount of bonus excluded, and
- (3) Amounts paid to holders of other interests in the mineral deposit.
- (b) All additional data necessary for the determination of the *taxable income* from the property (computed without the allowance for depletion), as defined in §1.613–5.

 $[\mathrm{T.D.}\ 7170,\ 37\ \mathrm{FR}\ 5382,\ \mathrm{Mar.}\ 15,\ 1972]$

§ 1.613-7 Application of percentage depletion rates provided in section 613(b) to certain taxable years ending in 1954.

(a) Election of taxpayer. In the case of any taxable year ending after December 31, 1953, to which the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 is applicable, the taxpayer may elect in accordance with section 613(d) and this section to apply the appropriate percentage depletion rate specified in section 613 in respect of any mineral property (within the meaning of the 1939 Code). In the case

of mines, wells, or other natural deposits listed in section 613(b), the election may be made by the taxpayer irrespective of whether his depletion allowance with respect to the property for the taxable year was computed upon the basis of cost, discovery value, or upon a percentage of gross income from the property. Once made, the election shall be irrevocable with respect to the property for which it is exercised. The election may be made for any mineral property of the taxpayer and need not be made for all such properties. Gross income from the property and net income from the property shall have the same meaning as those terms are used in 26 CFR (1939) 39.23(m)-1 (Regulations 118).

- (b) Computation of depletion allowance. The depletion allowance for any taxable year with respect to any property for which the taxpayer makes the election under section 613(d) shall be an amount equal to the sum of:
- (1) That portion of a tentative allowance, computed under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 (without regard to paragraph (1) of section 613(d)), which the number of days in the taxable year prior to January 1, 1954, bears to the total number of days in such taxable year; plus
- (2) That portion of a tentative allowance, computed by using the appropriate percentage depletion rate specified in section 613(b) (but otherwise computed under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939), which the number of days in the taxable year after December 31, 1953, bears to the total number of days in such taxable year

In the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1953, and ending before August 17, 1954, the depletion allowance with respect to any property for which the taxpayer makes the election under section 613(d) shall be computed under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939, except that the appropriate percentage depletion rate specified in section 613(b) shall be used. In making such computation, gross income from the property and net income from the property shall be determined in the same manner as specified in paragraph (a) of this section.